

Directions For Contributions To The Hyacinth Control Journal

Contributions dealing with all aspects of aquatic weed control are acceptable for publication in the Hyacinth Control Journal. Papers planned for presentation at the annual meeting should be prepared in advance to allow prompt publication of the proceedings of the meeting in the Journal. The copies of the papers are to be submitted to the Section Chairman at the time of presentation. In addition to papers to be presented to the annual meeting, contributions will be accepted for publication in the Journal. The deadline for inclusion in the current year's Journal will be the date of the meeting. Contributions of all types are encouraged dealing with operations, research, chemical development, regulatory, and other fields of interest having an aquatic weed-oriented subject.

Manuscripts. Two copies of each manuscript should be furnished. Double space all typing. Number all pages consecutively with the author's name on each page. It is suggested that the author retain an additional copy of the manuscript to insure against loss.

The underscoring of headings, words, or phrases are an indication that they are to be printed in italics. All Latin or latinized names are to be underscored for putting in italics. Authors should include proper botanical names of all plants referred to, as well as common names.

The full chemical name should be given the first time it is used. Trade names may be capitalized. All trade names should be followed by the accepted WSA common name and the chemical name, both of these latter two names have to appear on every USDA approved label for chemical used in the field. After first usage, the author may use either the accepted common name of the chemical or the trade name as he prefers. The WSA accepted common name should be in lower case. The author should clearly state whether the amount of chemical used is based upon active ingredient or upon the commercial product: example:

- A. Trade name — Dowpon
- B. Accepted common name — dalapon
- C. Chemical name — 2,2 dichloropropionic acid

If the author (s) do not have a list of WSA common names they should either consult WEEDS, Vol. 10, No. 3, July 1962, pp. 255-271 or they should leave space in the manuscript for inclusion.

Titles. The title of the article should be as short as practical and should be centered in the paper 1½ inches from the top, followed by the name of the author (s) with their respective titles and location to follow; example:

WATER HYACINTH AS A FOOD

I. T. Good

President, Poverty Foods, Inc.

Anywhere, Florida

The format of the paper will depend entirely upon the nature and purpose. A research paper should begin with

an Introduction, Methods and Materials, Results, Discussion. Summary and Conclusions, and Literature Cited. More general papers can deviate from this as necessary.

Figures. Photographs should be clear, glossy prints and should be trimmed of all unessential or extraneous portions of the photograph. Do not use paper clips on the prints. Either insert the photograph into the paper or put them in an envelope. The author's name and figure number should be printed *lightly* on the back of each photograph. The figures should be numbered consecutively in Arabic numerals in the order of reference in the text. Graphs and drawings should be inked with heavy black lines to insure clarity after reduction in size. The hand lettering should be large and may be made with a lettering guide.

Tables. Each table should be double spaced, but in long tables the lines may be single spaced. The tables should be numbered in Arabic numerals in order of reference in the text. Round off all numbers to the significant level such as when reporting control of plant do not report 90.17, simply state 90% control.

Abbreviations. Do not abbreviate words, phrases, or expressions which are not covered by the WSA and AIBS recommendations. Some of the accepted abbreviations would be lb/A for pounds per acre, ai for active ingredient, % for percent.

Bibliography. Consult the 1965 issue of the Hyacinth Control Journal for the format in references and the recording of the Literature Cited.

1. Blackburn, R. D. 1963. Evaluating Herbicides against Aquatic Weeds. Weeds, 11 (1), 21-24.

General Directions. It is suggested that each author have his paper thoroughly reviewed by two or more co-workers. The Society does not have an Editorial Board as such, but the Editor may forward a copy of the manuscript as deemed desirable for review comments pursuant to publication. Suggestions will be cleared with the author before final publication.

The galley proofs will be forwarded as soon as available from the printers. Each senior author is totally responsible for proofreading his own manuscript. He should check the entire manuscript carefully for comparison to the galley proof.

Your promptness in preparing your manuscripts to be submitted at the time of presentation and following these guidelines will aid considerably in the prompt publication of the Journal. It is the responsibility of every member to assist in the over-all objectives of the Society. The Journal is an important arm of the Society and the year-round preparation of manuscripts for inclusion in the Journal, as well as those papers to be presented at the annual meeting, will strengthen the Society and assist its members in solving their aquatic weed problems.